

THE POLITICAL CRISES 0F 2024/2025

Albane Charmeil

INTRODUCTION

- The topic: political crisis of 2024/2025
 Affected countries: US and Europe
- Main causes:
- Polarization
- Misinformation
- Economic frustration
- Loss of trust in democracy
 Why it matters: democracy is fragile
- Plan:
- **1.** Causes
- **2. Key events**
- 3. Consequences
- 4. Lessons



TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1: The roots and causes of the crisis
- 2: The key events that shaped it
- 3: The consequences on national and international levels
- 4: The possible lessons and what we can expect in the future





THE ROOTS AND CAUSES OF THE CRISIS



 Political polarization: left and right became extremely divided, making dialogue impossible.

- Misinformation: fake news and conspiracy theories spread online, especially during elections.
- Social media bubbles: people only see opinions they already agree with.
- Economic frustration: inflation and inequality made people angry and distrustful.
- Loss of trust: institutions, media, and even democracy were questioned.

THE KEY EVENTS THAT SHAPED IT

- US election 2024: very close and contested; protests and lawsuits followed.
- French protests: over reforms and cost of living; strikes and demonstrations.
- Hungary/Poland: laws reducing democracy and media freedom.
- Violence and division: increased attacks on institutions and growing social tension.



THE CONSEQUENCES ON NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL LEVELS



 Democratic crisis: people lost faith in elections and governments.

trust fell.

too focused on internal problems.

daily life.

• Media crisis: traditional media lost credibility.

- Economic instability: markets suffered and public
- Weakened global leadership: Western countries were
- Social division: political opinions caused conflicts in

THE POSSIBLE LESSONS AND WHAT WE CAN EXPECT IN THE FUTURE

- Protect democracy: through participation and education.
- Fight fake news: teach media literacy and critical thinking.
- Reform institutions: make them more transparent and efficient.
- Engage citizens: through open debates and inclusive politics.
- Learn from the crisis: turn it into a chance for renewal.



CONCLUSION

- The crisis showed that democracy is fragile
- It was caused by deep, long-term problems
- Consequences were serious: division, violence, mistrust
- It's a warning, but also a chance to improve
- We must protect democracy through education, reforms, and participation

