EURATOM



INTRODUCTION



Jean Monnet, former french politician, "father of Europe"

SUMMARY

I- THE FOUNDATION OF EURATOM

II- ITS ASSIGNMENTS AND ITS EVOLUTION

III- ITS LIMITS AND REVIEWS

I- THE FOUNDATION OF EURATOM

- 1952 Creation of the European Coal and Steel Community (ECSC)
- March 25, 1957 Signature of Rome's Treaties
 - 6 countries: West Germany, Belgium, France, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands
 - Creation of Euratom and the European Economic Community (ECC)
- Euratom means "European Atomic Energy Community" (EAEC)

KEY POINTS OF THE NEGOCIATION

Nationalization of the Suez Canal by Gamal Abdel Nasser

> Threat for oil supplies in Europe

25 Mar. 1957

26 July 1956

Creation of European Common Market (at the same time as Euratom)

> Allowing to satisfy everyone

II- ITS ASSIGMENTS AND ITS EVOLUTION

OBJECTIVES OF EURATOM

To promote the research on civil nuclear technologies

To ensure the supply of minerals and nuclear fuels (Euratom Supply Agency)

To implement security norms for workers

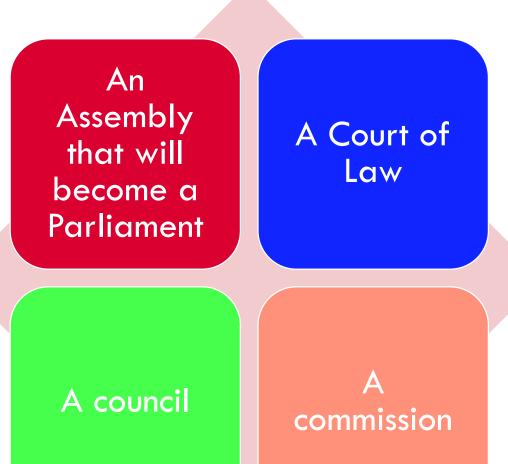
To develop a strictly peaceful use of nuclear energy

To build partnerships

To promote the creation of common nuclear companies

To promote investments

INSTITUTIONS WITHIN EURATOM



III- ITS LIMITS AND REVIEWS

LIMITS AND REVIEWS

Preference for collaborations with American companies

Lack of coordination in the researches for civil nuclear energy

Obsolete and undemocratic treaty regarding the new available resources

CONCLUSION

THANK YOU FOR LISTENING

DO YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ?

BIBLIOGRAPHY

"The United States of Europe and new horizons for European integration" <u>Thomas Hoerber</u>

https://europeecologie.eu/exigeons-labrogation-du-traite-euratom-obsolete-et-anti-democratique

https://www.touteleurope.eu/environnement/qu-est-ce-qu-euratom/

https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Communaut%C3%A9 europ%C3%A9enne de l%27%C 3%A9nergie atomique

https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Trait%C3%A9 instituant la Communaut%C3%A9 europ %C3%A9enne de l%27%C3%A9nergie atomique#Trait%C3%A9 d'origine