



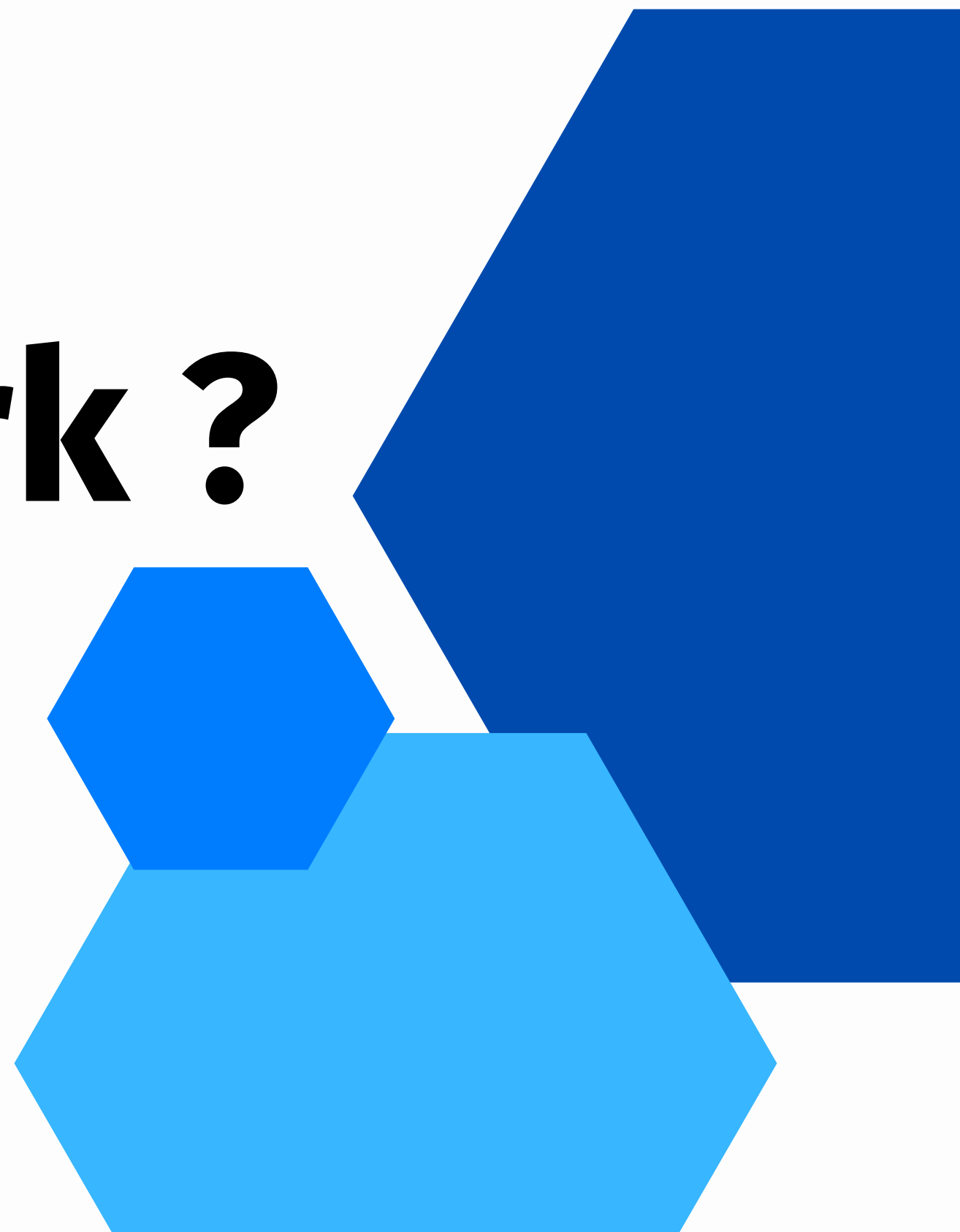
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ESSCA

Does the CSDP work ?

Geopolitics of Europe in a changing world



Summary

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Role and functioning of the CSDP
- 3 Why we can affirm its effectiveness and usefulness
- 4 Limitations, weaknesses and dysfunctions of CSDP
- 5 Conclusion

Introduction

→ CSDP = Common Security and Defense Policy

→ Introduced on 13 December 2007 in the
Lisbon Treaty



1) Role and functioning of the CSDP

→ Objective is to enable the European Union to play a major role in :

Peacekeeping
operations

Strengthening
international
security

Conflict
prevention



→ The Maastricht Treaty, which was signed on 7 February 1992, is structured around **3 pillars** :

1

The European Communities

2

The Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP)

3

The police and judicial cooperation in criminal matters



- Decisions adopted by the **Council**
- The European Union does not have a European army = Member States provide it.
- During missions, role of the CSDP is to :

- Identify
- Coordinate
- Use the capabilities provide by the Members States

Funding :

- Civil missions are funded from the Union budget
- Military operations are funded :
 - “Athena”
 - Member States



Josep Borrell Fontelles

The High Representative of the
Union for Foreign Affairs and
Security Policy

2) Why we can affirm its effectiveness and usefulness

- CSDP has launched 36 different operations
- Types of operations :
 - Disarmament missions
 - Humanitarian and population protection missions
 - Military advisory and assistance missions
 - Missions for conflict prevention and peacekeeping
 - Crisis management and peacemaking missions

- First military mission of the CSDP :

Operation
ARTEMIS (2003)

- EU is present on 3 continents and acts on 17 missions :

→ 7 **military** operations

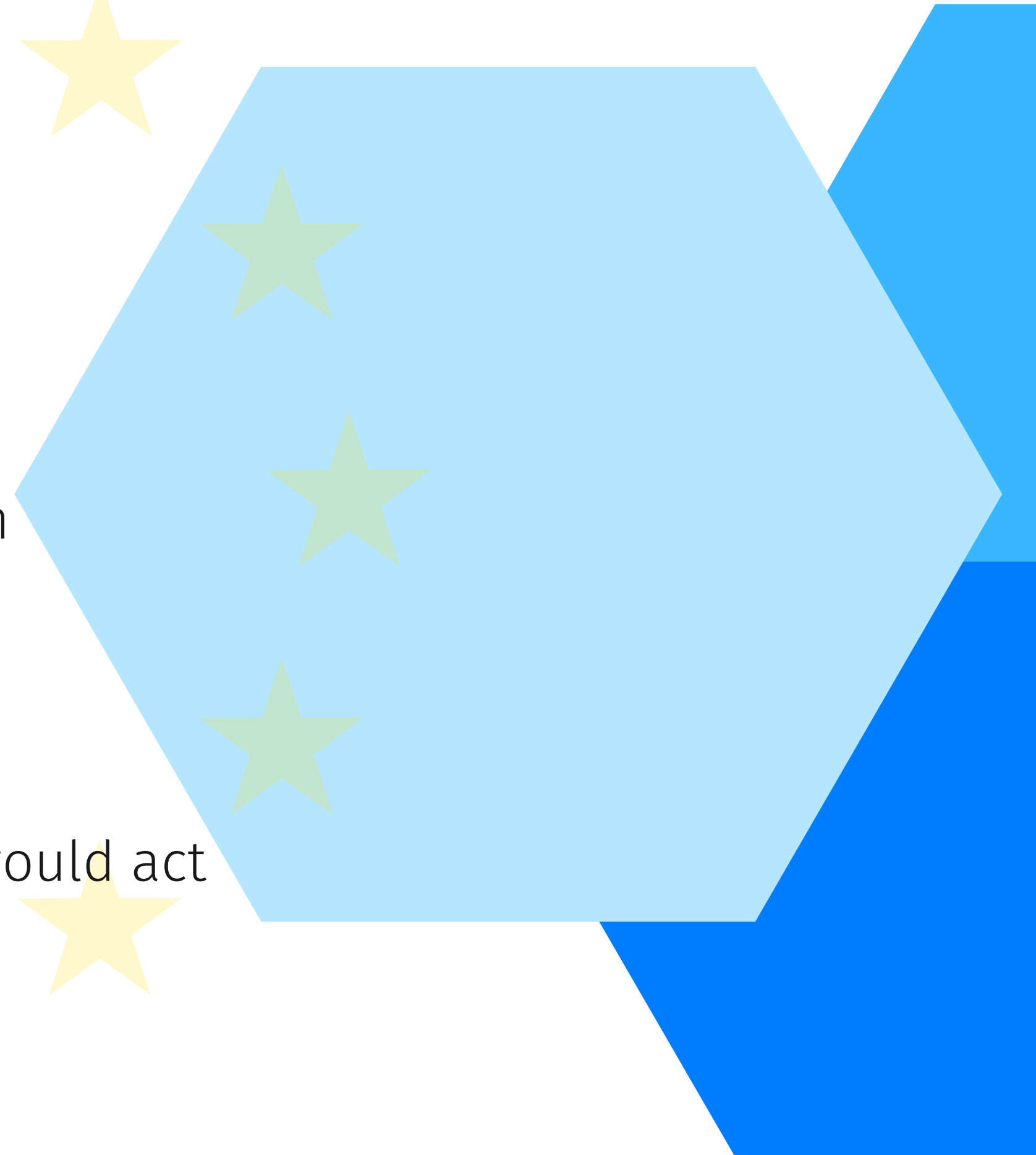
→ 10 **civilian** operations

- Creation of the EPF (**E**uropean **P**eace **F**acility) :

- budget of 5 billion euros
- provide arms to some countries to help them

- "Strategic Compass" :

- adopted on 25 March 2022
- establishment of an army (5 000 men) who would act under the European flag



3) Limitations, weaknesses and dysfunctions of CSDP

-  A full-time leader
-  Lack of ressources
-  Old structure = individual and independent structures



Conclusion

→ Real tool for the future

BUT The CSDP has some weaknesses



SOLUTION: Focus on weaknesses and resolve them

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