ESSCA. European Economics. INT 356. Exam 2019

Answer ALL questions. 100 marks. 2 HOURS

ANSWERS FOR PART A MAY BE IN NOTE / LIST FORM. No dictionaries or calculators allowed. This exam is separated into two parts – Part A with short-answer questions, and Part B with questions requiring longer answers. You should spend about 1 hour per section.

PART A Short-answer questions / 50

1. Normal export sales to Brazil are 1,000 units per year. The elasticity of my product is -3. Due to a strengthening Euro, the price in Brazilian Reais increases by 25%. What will my future export sales be? (4 marks)

- 2. List the Maastricht Criteria, required to join the EMU (5 marks)
- 3. Which member of the EU is not on the European Continent? (2 marks)
- 4. What is the policy difference between the Airbus A380 and the US Dreamliner? (2 marks)
- 5. How does a government estimate its annual budget? (2 marks)
- 6. If a government increases its interest rate, what will be the effect on: (5 marks)
 - a) Consumer spending
 - b) Savings
 - c) Currency value
 - d) Exports
 - e) Inflation
- 7. What is the difference between Monetary and Fiscal control? (2 marks)
- 8. What is an IMF restructuring plan? (4 marks)
- 9. What is the European Single Market? (3 marks)
- 10. What is the difference between GDP and HDI? (4 marks)
- 11. Give the HDI and Gini scores for your country? (name the country) (4 marks)
- 12. How did the Bretton Woods agreement fix currency values? (3 marks)
- 13. What is an ISDS? (2 marks)
- 14. What is a Customs Union? (2 marks)

16. What is the difference between a progressive and regressive tax or duty? Give one example of each. (4 marks)

^{15.} Give an example of an EU Trade Agreement (either completed or being negotiated) (2 marks)

<u>PART B</u> Long-answer questions / 50

- 1. Describe one Tax, Duty or Benefit and its social and economic implications. (25 marks)
- 2. Describe a Case Study of lobbying. (25 marks)